This angel has coloured wings and a white face and dress. When folded from soft coloured paper you may create a nice mobile for Xmas.

a 1986 Sep

Maarten van Gelder





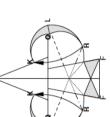


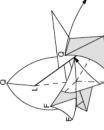






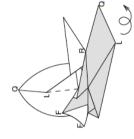






11 Fold points R to K. Points Q flatten automatically.

12 Raise flap F. The mountain fold through R is only in one layer.



5 Fold point backwards. After that turn model inside out. See diagra

Repeat on left side. Turn model over.



8 Fold point down. Points Q stay up.

7 Fold white point (head) up. Points Q will raise. Don't push flat; they will flatten automatically in diagram 11..13!



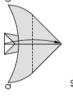












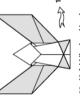


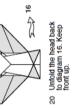




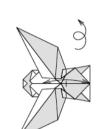








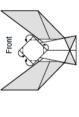
Front: Turn head flap over to the front.

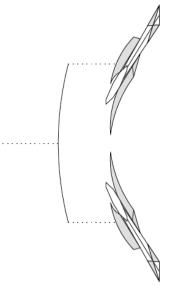












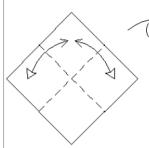
21 Push sides of head 22 23 in Flobia in the head remain as they are, folds on the back turn from valley to mountain and vice versa. Top will become 3D. Push flat to diagram 23.





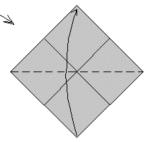
APATOSAURUS by Hans Birkeland (Norway) @1993

Diagrams: 07.11.93
Begin with the white side up.



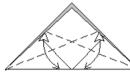
1. Fold and unfold. Turn the paper over.

4. Valley-fold the corner down.

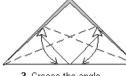


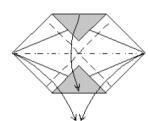
2. Valley-fold in half.

5. Unfold.



3. Crease the angle bisectors. Repeat behind.





6. Collapse on existing creases.



Repeat behind.

13. Fold and unfold.

17. Mountain-fold the edges inside.

20. Enlarged view of the head. Open out the nearest edge.



Repeat behind.

14. Closed-sink.

21. Crimp.



18. Mountain-fold the edges inside.

15. Fold and unfold.

22. Close again.



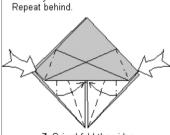
Turn the model over.

19. Make two 3-dimensional

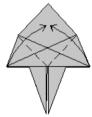
crimps, rounding the tail.

16. Closed-sink.

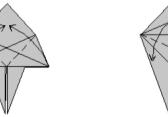
23. Crimp symmetrically.



7. Sviwel-fold the sides. Repeat behind.



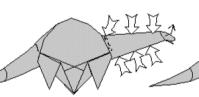
8. Valley-fold the flaps upward as far as they will go. Repeat behind.



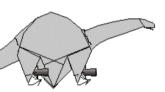
9. Valley-fold the flaps down along the angle bisectors. Repeat behind.



24. Pull out the lower jaw and round the head.



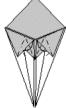
25. Make a 3-dimensional crimp at the base of the neck, rounding the neck.



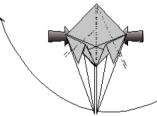
26. Crimp the feet symmetrically. Repeat behind.



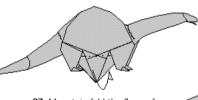
10. Reverse-fold the raw edges so that they are parallell to the outer edges. Repeat behind.



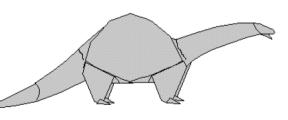
11. Swivel-fold. The mountain fold is on an existing crease. Repeat behind.



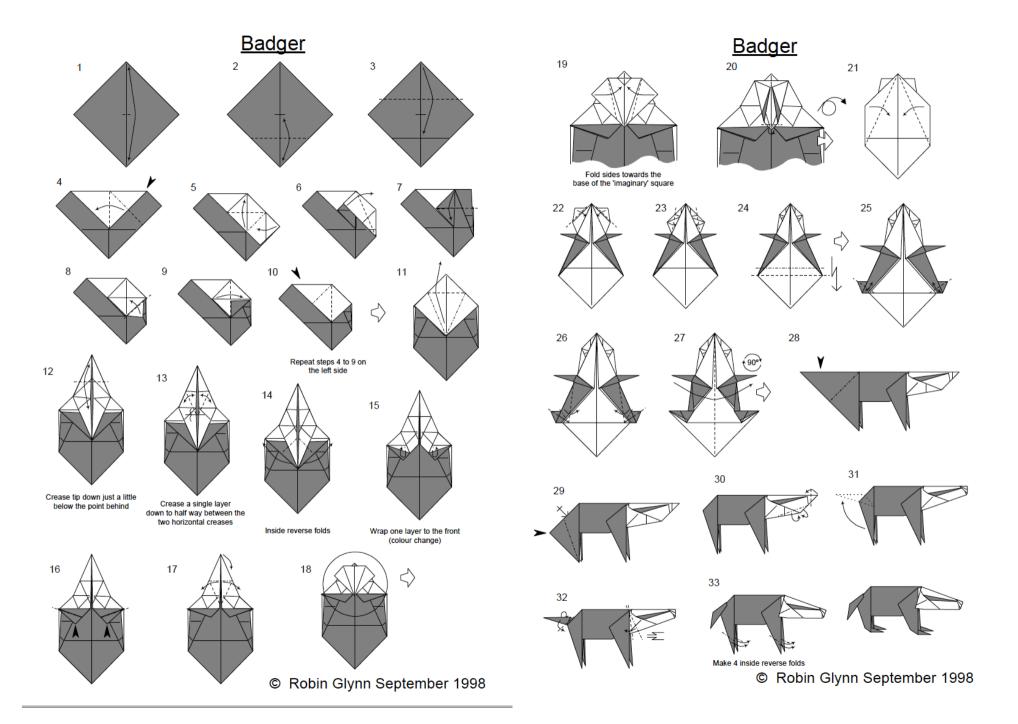
12. Reverse-fold the neck and tail. The upper edge of the tail should reach slightly beyond the back.

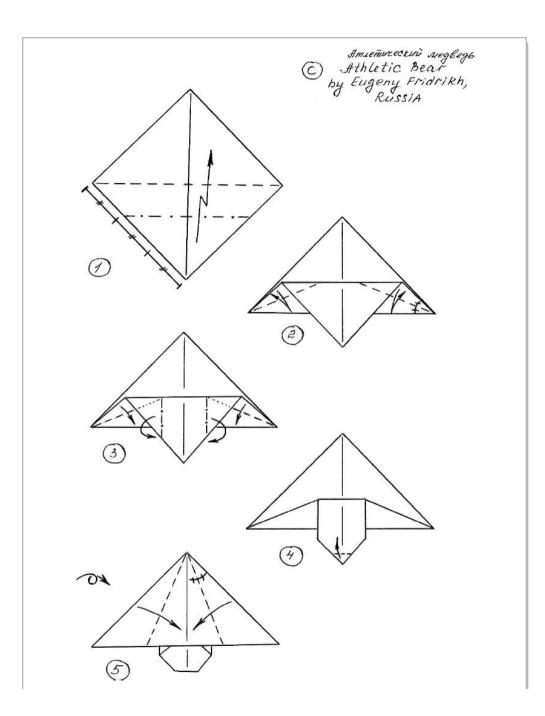


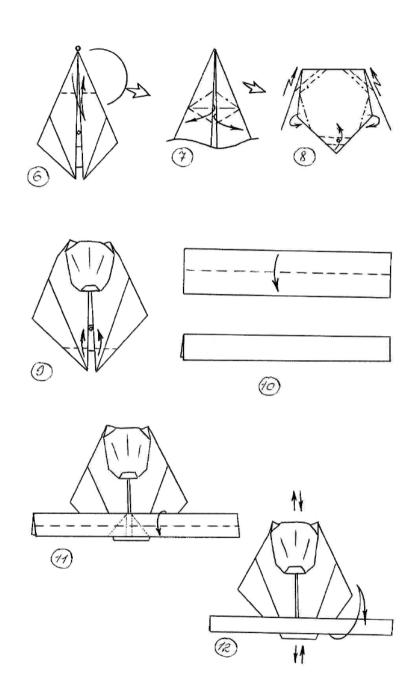
27. Mountain-fold the flaps of the belly inside. The body will now be 3-dimensional. Make the body a bit rounder to finish the model.



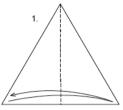
28. APATOSAURUS



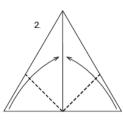




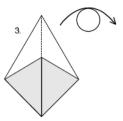
Bird of Paradise © Ronald Koh - 1973



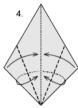
Begin with an equilateral triangle, about 15 cm to each side. Fold and fold.



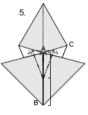
Fold to the crease line in the centre ...



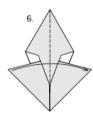
... and turn paper over.



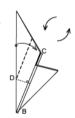
In this step, only the top layer is folded. Bring the lower edges to the middle.



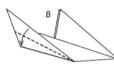
Mountain fold each of the corners under as shown, at the mid-point between A and B and parallel to line B and C.



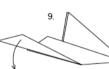
Fold in half.



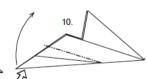
Imagine BCD as an isosceles triangle. Valley fold as illustrated and crease well.



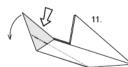
Fold down and crease well ...



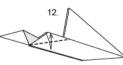
. then unfold Steps 7 and 8.



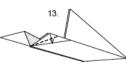
Reverse fold along the crease lines made in Step 7.



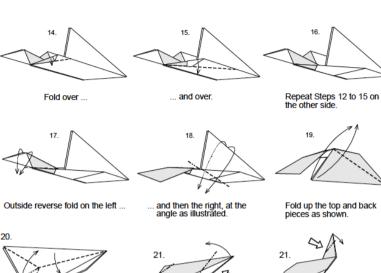
Reverse fold again along creases made in Step 8.

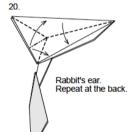


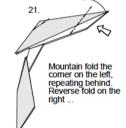
Fold and unfold, creasing

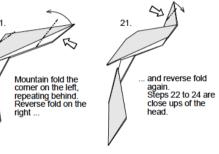


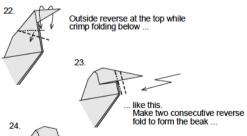
... then valley fold to the crease made in Step 12.

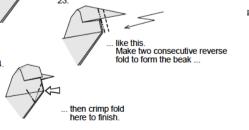




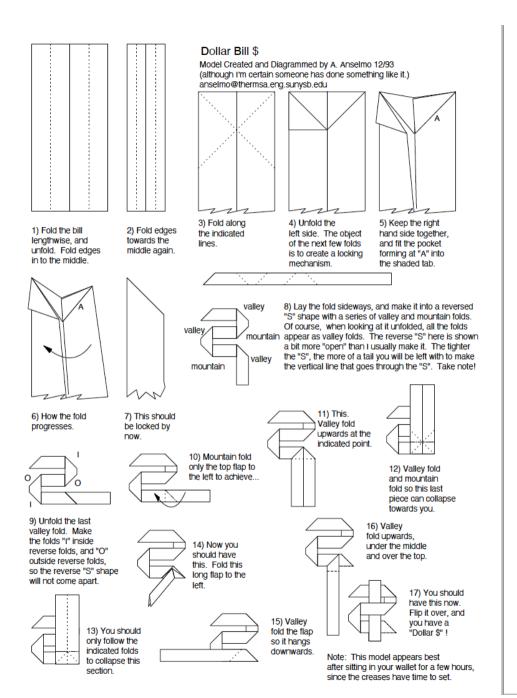


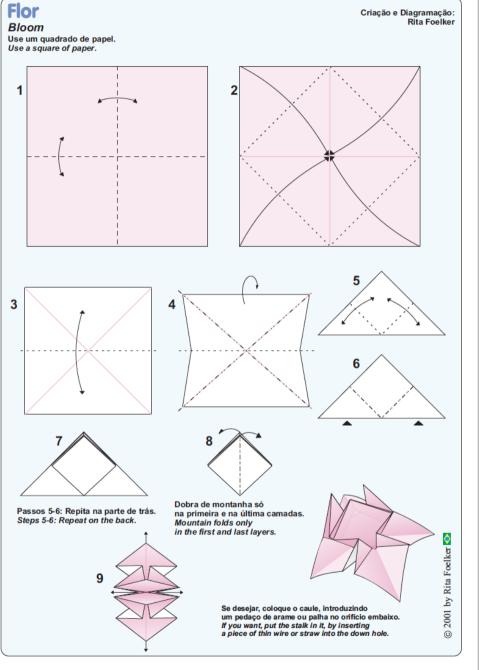






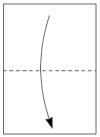




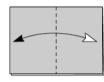


Boat (traditional)

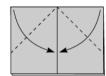
Diagrammed by: František Grebeníček (1999) www.origami.cz



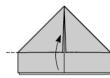
(1) Start from a rectangle (e.g. A4). Fold in half.



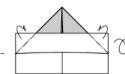
(2) Fold in half and unfold.



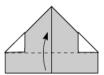
(3) Fold to the center.



(4) Fold the overlapping strip upwards.



(5) Fold corners backwards. Turn over.



(6) Fold strip upwards.



(7) Open.



(8) Opening in progress.



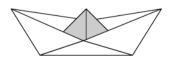
(9) Fold triangle upwards. Repeat behind.



(10) Open (like in the steps 7 and 8).



(11) Take upper corners and stretch out.



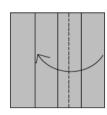
(12) Finished boat.

Boat II Designed and diagrammed in 4/97; Idea came from Fujimoto box variation

 Start from square with boat color up; Make creases

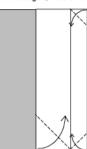


2. Right edge meets the 1st left crease

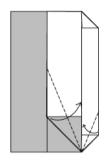


3. Enlarged; Fold 3 corners

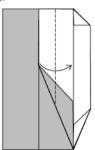
@1997 Sy Chen



4.



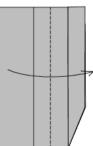
5.



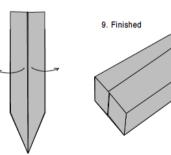
6.



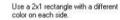
7. Repeat steps 2-6 for left hand side



8. Open to form 3D

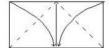


Butterfly - Collin Weber



Start with the side with the color you want to be the wings. The other color will be the head and body.





2 valley folds to the center



2 valley folds and unfold



Valley fold to the right lining up the crease made in step 2 with the



Unfold Repeat steps 3 and 4 on the right



Reverse fold in and out on each side



2 reverse folds



Turn over



Fold the point up to the top like a petal fold



Fold the point back down while sliding some paper out

on each side

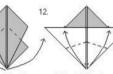




Turn over



Fold the 2 points up



Valley fold the 2 bottom points up so that the dots line up





2 valley folds



Pull some paper out on each side

18.



2 mountain folds



3 pleats on the body

20.



Fold behind



Fold behind



Add these folds to finish the head

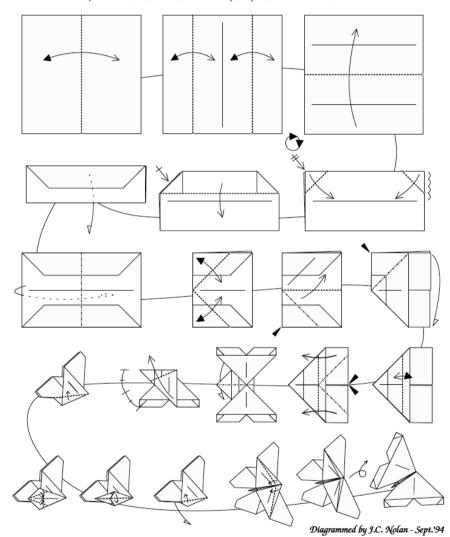


BUTTERFLY

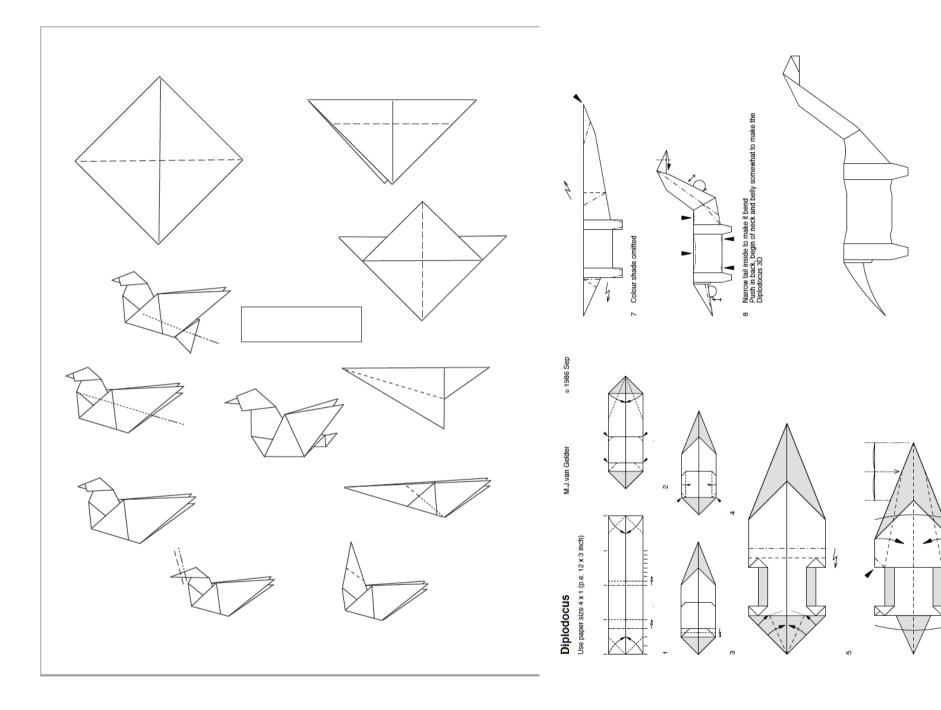
A Butterfly for Alice Gray by Michael LaFosse

Intermediate

Fold from a small sheet of duo paper. Try varying the proportions in steps 4 & 11 to create variations. A 5" square produces a 3 1/2" model.

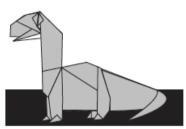


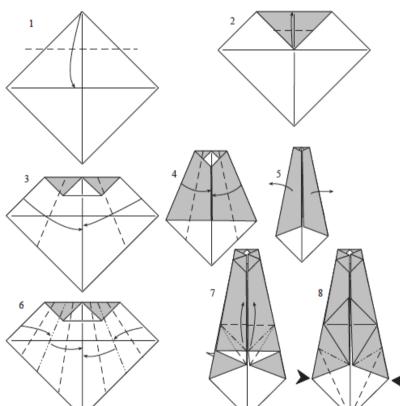
©'92

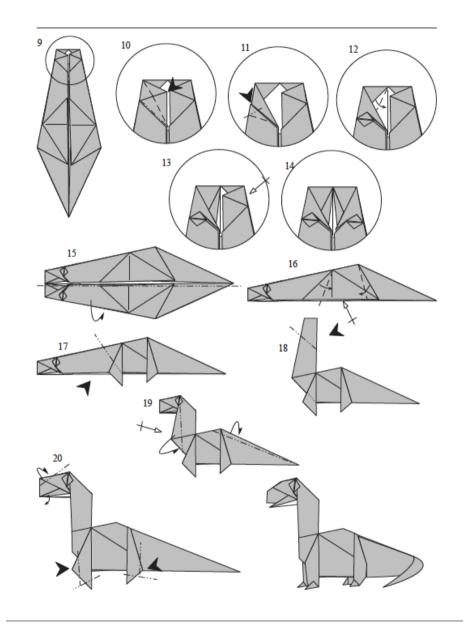


Bebé Diplodocus

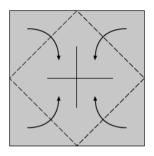




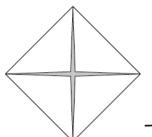




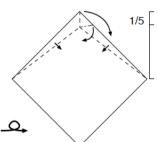
Dragon(c) 1993 K. Weidner



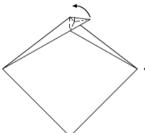
1. Blintz-fold, the colored side is inside.



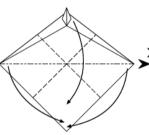
2. Turn the paper over



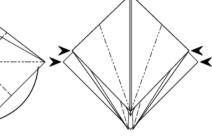
3. Fold a small rabbit ear.



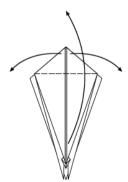
4. Petal-fold the small flap



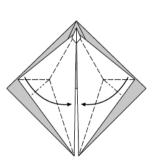
5. Preliminary fold, just like a bird base.



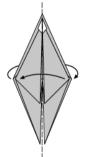
6. Reverse-fold the corners.



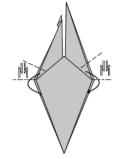
7. Pull out the loose paper while folding up the tip. Repeat behind.



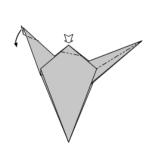
8. Fold rabbit ears, repeat behind.



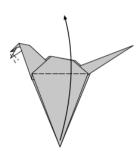
9. Fold two flaps to the left, repeat behind.

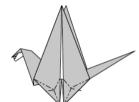


10. Crimp-fold.

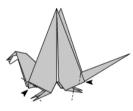


11. Sink the center, narrow the tail, inside reverse fold the head.12. Fold up both wings, reverse fold the jaw.

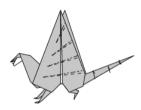




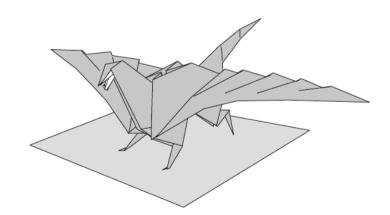
13. Double-rabbit-ear all four legs.



14. Reverse-fold the legs and sink the corners.

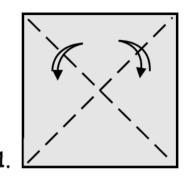


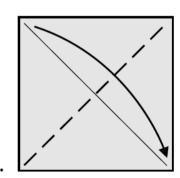
15. Shape the wings and tail.

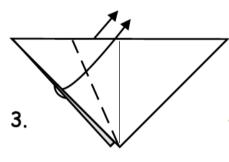


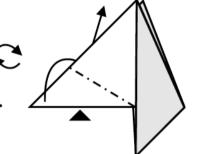
Flapping Dove

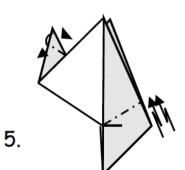
by Eugeny Fridrikh

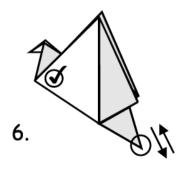












Blintz Icosidodecahedron by Tung Ken Lam

